

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

Wednesday, July 30, 1748.

P A R I S, April 19.

His Majesty will go to the army, and will carry with him three marshals of France and a half, that is to say, the count de Clermont, Prince, the marshal Noailles, and the marshal Clermont Tonnerre; some say, that this is an argument the operations of war will continue, but wiser people believe, that tho' many generals may contribute to parade, war is best conducted by a few. In short, it is expected that his majesty has an inclination to finish the war with solemnity, and to declare the peace at the head of the army, with all the circumstances of joy possible; but, however that may be, there is no doubt that this event will be most welcome here, where the weight of taxes is so heavily felt, that the parliament has told the king in plain terms, That the prerogative of the most absolute prince must be bounded by the indulgence of his people.

WHITE HALL, April 20.

On the 24th instant, late in the evening, Mr. Thompson, one of his majesty's messengers, arrived, in his grace the duke of Newcastle's office, one of his majesty's principal secretaries of state, with the instrument of preliminary articles for a general pacification, signed at Aix la Chapelle, by the ministers plenipotentiaries of his majesty the king of Great Britain, the most christian king, and the states general of the United Provinces.

Madrid, April 8. They write from Valencia, that the earthquake which happened there on the 23d of last month, was very terrible, and that some thousands of persons were buried under the ruins of a great number of houses, churches and convents. 'Tis said that it was likewise felt in the kingdom of Murcia.

Brussels, April 25. They are actually preparing to blow up the fine fortifications of Bergen op zoom, where there is a strong garrison, as well as at Antwerp.

Leips, April 26. Since the 23d the French have advanced but very slowly in their approaches before Mæstricht; the rainy weather having much retarded them, as well as increased the sickness. They confess to have lost, between killed and wounded, from the 18th to the 24th instant, 3000 men, and above that number are gone into the hospitals of Tongres, Herisail, and the suburbs of the town.

L O N D O N,

April 23. Private letters by the last Dutch mail mention, that the passage of the vessels down the Meuse is entirely stop'd by the French, so that the merchants can have no goods that way.

Letters from some parts of France say, that the greatest part of that wide kingdom is in much distress, on account of the heaviness of the taxes, and the scarcity of provisions, which are so dear as hardly to be purchased with any money: We are assured these advices are authentic.

Letters from Aix la Chapelle mention, that the earl of Sandwich and count de St. Severin, treat one another with such extraordinary testimonies of esteem, and appearance of civility, that great hopes of the success of the conferences are formed from that circumstance only.

April 26. They write from Aix la Chapelle, that the hall intended for the holding the conference will have five doors, in order to prevent any livelorn ceremonies or debates among the ministers, with regard to rank or precedence, in making their entrances and exits: One of which doors is for the imperial plenipotentiary, one for the French, and another for the Spanish ministers, those of England and Holland are to enter at the same door; and the fifth is designed for the ministers from the king of Sardinia, republic of Genoa, and the duke of Modena.

The preliminary articles were sign'd at Aix la Chapelle last evening, by the British, French and Dutch ministers; the king of Sardinia, he had been also accepted them; the French king express'd to the king of Spain, that he shall accept also; and the emperor's queen's minister has protested against them.

Lieut. Wake of the London privateer, capt. Joseph Barker commander, brought into Portsmouth last Saturday, the *marquis de Tournay*, a French prize of about 600 tons, 20 guns, and 180 sailors, besides soldiers, bound from Bourdeaux to Canada, laden with naval stores and bale goods; which capt. Barker took the 8th instant, in Lat. 46. 30. Long. 11. 10. west. The *marquis de Tournay* was under convoy of a French frigate of 21 guns, bound the same voyage, who in the engagement sheer'd off.

The *Tygriss*, a new privateer of 12 carriage guns, 9 pounders, and a small English prize she had taken, is taken by the *Thetis* man of war, capt. Barker, and brought into Kinsale.

Extrait of a letter from Aix la Chapelle, April 20.

"The chief points in the preliminaries said to be agreed on are these:—France shall in a limited time, and upon certain reasonable conditions, restore to the queen of Hungary all that has been taken from her in the Low Countries.—The same crown shall restore to the States General of the United Provinces, all such territories and fortresses as are in her possession, and belong to the republic.—She shall likewise restore to his Sardinian majesty, the duchy of Savoy and the county of Nice.—The prince last mentioned, shall have a considerable part of the duchy of Milan.—An establishment shall be formed for Don Philip, out of the duchies of Parma and Placentia.—Great Britain and France shall mutually restore the places taken from each other during the war.—The crown of Spain shall settle all points in dispute in America, so as to take away every occasion of debate.—It is not possible to ascertain positively the truth of these articles; but at present every body seems to agree here, that these are the capital points in the plan."

It is said that all enterprises already begun are, by the preliminary articles of peace, permitted to be carried on for some months, but that no new hostilities shall be commenced from the date of said preliminaries.

April 28. We hear that sloopers are ordered to be got ready to carry to the East and West Indies, the news of the preliminaries of a peace being signed; and that the time fixed for the hostilities to cease in those parts, is six months in the former, and three in the latter.

We hear that a bounty of six pence per pound will be allowed on all Indigo made, to a certain standard, in the British plantations in America, and imported under proper regulations directly into Great Britain, from the place of its growth.

The report of the siege of Mæstricht being raised, was premature, as we are well assured, that the cessation of arms was not to take place till that town was reduced: Marshal Saxe having taken a Resolution, as he has set down before it, not to rise till he had it in his possession, whence it is conjectured, that the next mail will bring us an account that the place is surrendered.

The king of Prussia, we hear, in regard to the preservation of the Dutch Barrier Towns, offered, that in case the French did not dissent, to join the Russians with 50,000 men, which has greatly contributed to a peace.

We are assured that the preliminaries for a peace will be laid before the house of Commons to-morrow or Monday.

Yesterday morning lieut. Harrison came express from his royal highness the duke of Cumberland, who, we hear, has brought advice, that a cessation of arms is agreed on, between his Britannic majesty and the most christian king.

We hear that the Parliament will rise on Thursday the 5th of May; and that his majesty will set out for Holland the Saturday following.

We hear his royal highness the Duke, has sent lord George Sackville to marshal Saxe, on a commission of great importance.

Extrait of a letter from a Swiss officer in the French camp near Mæstricht, to his brother in Paris, April 20.

"I write this in a most uncomfortable posture, floundering between a cool load of brave fellows without legs or arms, bound to the hospital, which will be pretty well fill'd by last night's work."

work: As for myself, bating a shot in the left shoulder, and a cut or two on the head, I am, thank God, safe and sound, and would not slip the first opportunity of letting you hear from me, tho' obliged to use my pencil for want of pen and ink. We attack'd the cover'd way like so many Lions, were beaten off five several times, carried it at last, but after a bloody resistance, and lost near 3000 men in the attack. I am told the martial general is wounded but cannot be positive: 'Tis certain he exposed himself very much.

P. S. This moment I hear the alarm at the head of the trenches, and by the confusion, I fancy things do not go well for us."

One of the Boston papers say, the English prints add, That commodore Griffin had burnt two French men of war in the East Indies; viz. one of 74, and another of 50 guns, and taken one more; also retaken the Princess Amelia Indiamen, that fell into the enemy's hands after taking Madras, and that he was gone to Pondicherry. That the five register ships taken by commodore Coats in Cadiz bay, were arrived at Lisbon. That his majesty's ships had taken several of the enemy's largest and best privateers; and that the admirals Warren and Hawke, and the commodores Coats and Moxton, were abroad with each a strong squadron.

Peace is unquestionably the greatest blessing that can befall a nation; but war is certainly preferable to a dishonourable and ignoble peace, especially to that people who appear to have the better in the war. And as the preliminaries here mentioned don't seem to be very honourable to the English, seeing Cape Breton is to be given up, so it is now above 10 weeks since they were said to be signed, and no intelligence thereof received from authority; it will be therefore no presumption to hope, that as the Empress Queen's minister has protested against them, and they were to be laid before the British parliament; that the august body will know the interest of the nation better, than to be willing to give up that valuable place to a designing and treacherous enemy, who never keep their words longer than their fear or interest obliges them; And if so, 'tis probable a peace is not so nigh as seems to be asserted. *From the New-York Weekly Post-Boy.*

BOSTON, June 27.

We have Advice from Louisbourg, That on the 17th of last Month, they had a Message from Spanish River, that a Party of French and Indians had surpris'd and carried off two of our Coal Vessels.—Upon which the Comet Bomb and another Vessel were fitted out, and sail'd the next Morning, with a Party of Soldiers on board, in order to recover the Vessels, but they arrived too late; however the Party of Soldiers were landed, and finish'd the Blockhouse that was begun to be erected. Capts. Glover and Ellingwood were taken in the Vessels, and carried off by the Enemy; and at another place Lieut. Glasier, who had the command of a Guard, having walk'd some Distance from it, was also seiz'd and carried off by them.

Monday last the Indians kill'd two Men and mortally wounded another at North Yarmouth, close to the Fort. During the Action, an English Lad who had been-captivated by the Indians, made his Escape into the Fort.

Last Week upwards of fifty Prisoners, Spaniards, French, Mullattoes, &c. taken by the Worcester Man of War on the Coast of Virginia, were landed here, and committed to Goal. They are such a ragged ill-looking Crew, almost naked, that one can scarcely blame the Rogues for stripping our People as they do when they fall into their Hands, seeing they have no Cloaths of their own. The Dealers in Flags of Truce may now furnish themselves with Frenchmen or Spaniards to carry for a Rhod, without the Charge of two or three hundred Pounds a Head, besides Wages, and a good Venture.

We have Advice from Piscataqua, that on the 18th Instant, arrived there Capt. Branscom from Fyal, which Place he left the Beginning of March, who brings us the good News, That Capt. Keiting in the Paquet which sail'd from hence last Jan. for England, and which was almost given over for lost, put in at Fyal the first of March, having lost both his Masts, and received much Damage by the violent Storms he met with a few Days after he left this Port; the Sea making a free Passage over them, whereby one Mr. Hodge, late Master of the Canterbury Man of War, the Mate of the Vessel and four of the Hands were wash'd over-board and drowned: The Master of the Vessel and Boatswain were likewise wash'd over-board, but were save, as again by the Ascent of the Sea; the Master's Thigh and Ankle were broke against the Boom of the Mail-fall: They arrived at Fyal in 7 Weeks, having undergone many Hardships and Difficulties during their Passage. And when Capt. Branscom sail'd they were setting with all possible Expedition, in order to proceed on their Voyage.

We hear from Newport, that a fine large French Frigate taken in the West Indies, is arriv'd there, laden with Ammunition and other valuable Effects.

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.

On Monday, the 27th ult. Capt. Mangrove, in the Mercury Galley, of London, bound to Maryland from Portsmouth; and the Snow Speedwell, Capt. Harris, from Whitehaven, likewise for Maryland, were both taken by the Sloop Royale, Capt. Devaux, from Cape Francois, of 13 Carriage Guns, 16 Swivels, and 150 Men. The snow Ship took Capt. Barker, in a small Sloop, of this Place, for Virginia. She had a Frigate Sloop in Company with her, suppos'd to be a Bermudian, the Captain's Name not known. Had been out three Weeks, and had taken in all eight Prizes; two of which engaged her for three Hours off of Virginia kill'd her Captain, and did her considerable Damage, but was at last overpower'd by Numbers.

Sunday Night last we had one of the smartest Gales that has been known here for some Time past, which lasted above two Hours. The Lightning struck a Shallop a little below Red-Bank, that had a good deal of Rum on board, and entirely consumed her. The People saved themselves in their Boat. Another Shallop was overlet in sight of the former, but was righted again; the People all saved. There was also a great deal of Damage done by the Rain, which was several Feet deep in many of the Cellars in Town.

We have Advice from Antigua, that the Fleet had sailed from Martinico, and that his Majesty's Ships had taken and sent in three of them to Antigua and thirteen to St. Kitts.

NEW-YORK, July 11.

On Saturday arriv'd here the Privateer Brig. Revenge, of this Port; Alexander Troup Commander, from a Cruise, by whom we have the following Extract of a Proclamation for a Cessation of Arms, brought Express to Antigua by the Ships Man of War from England, viz.

'All Effects which shall be taken in the Channel, and in the North Sea, after the Space of twelve Days, to be computed from the 19th of April last, on which Day the Preliminaries for restoring a general Peace, were sign'd at Aix la Chapelle, by the Ministers of Great Britain, the French King, and the States General; and that Ships Merchandize and Effects, which should be taken after Six Weeks from the said 19th of April, beyond the Channel, the British Sea, and the North Sea as far as Cape St. Vincent; and for the Space of Six Weeks more beyond the said Cape to the Equinoctial Line, whether in the Ocean or the Mediterranean; and for the Space of six Months from the said 19th of April, beyond the Equinoctial Line; and in all other Places of the World without any Exception or other more particular Distinction of Time or Place; shall be restored on both Sides: And whereas, pursuant to such Agreement, Hostilities have ceased in the Low-Countries, in such Manner as was agreed upon by the said Preliminaries, &c."

By this Proclamation, the Time for Hostilities in these Parts expires To-morrow;—but as it seems to be only in order to bring about a general Peace; so 'tis possible those good Ends may not be attained thereby; wherefore it behoves all those who have taken up the Sword and Spear, not too suddenly to beat them into Plow-furrows and Pruning Hooks, till they see the Effects which those Preliminaries may produce; for 'tis very probable, if a Peace should not succeed in a few Months, the War may break out again with greater Fury than ever.

And here it may not be amiss, by Way of Amusement (for it can be no help to the common Cause) to take Notice of the refined Stretch of French Policy in bringing this Cessation about; who, finding their Country much impoverished by Provisions and Money, have now an Opportunity to lay in a good Stock of the former; and by a large Squadron of Spanish Men of War, who lately escaped out of Cadiz bound for the West-Indies, where several other Men of War of the same Nation lay; and who now may have an Opportunity to return to Europe laden with Treasure, they will doubtless get a supply of the latter, and so be enabled to begin afresh: For Experience has often proved, that that perfidious Nation have no longer kept any Measures than they were obliged to use. 'Tis it may not be amiss also to observe here, that this Proclamation does not seem to affect the Spaniards at all; so that our Cruisers who may happen to fall in with any of that Nation, stand a fair Chance of having them made lawful Prey notwithstanding: And it could not be esteemed imprudent, if the English should at once bend all their Forces against them, and oblige them to submit to an honorable Peace, which would be much more to our Benefit and Advantage than any Peace with France can be.

WILLIAMSBURG, June 30.

The Ship *Perry*, Capt. Monan, is arrived in James River, from Portsmouth. Also arrived a large Ship for Maryland, and a Ship from Whitehaven. These three were attacked by a Privateer on the Cape, last Thursday; but the was repulsed and sent off. We have not heard a Thing more of the Privateers, since our last: so believe they are gone, in our Men of War are cruising.

July 7. Last Wednesday the Dwelling-house and Store-house, of Mr. John Hood, Merchant in Prince George County, were unhappily set on Fire by a Flash (or rather Ball) of Lightning, which burst them to the Ground, and destroy'd not only the Houses aforesaid, and Household Furniture, but also a Cargo of European Goods, lately imported, of considerable Value. We hear also of Damage lately done in several other Places by Lightning.

Since our last, the *Leo Man* of War, Capt. Norbury, arriv'd in Hampton Road, with her Tender, and brought in a Spanish Privateer Sloop, which they took near our Cape, with 47 Men: who are to be sent to the Havannah, in the *Mermaid*, (which happens luckily not to be sail'd) to be exchange'd for English Prisoners.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

TICKETS in the *Philadelphia* Lottery to be dispos'd of by the Subscriber at his House in *Annapolis*; where likewise may be had Schemes of the Lottery. The Price of every Ticket, One Piece of Eight. **WALTER DULANY.**

To be Sold by public Vendue to the highest Bidder.

A Fine Tract of Land, Dwelling-House, Our-Houses, and other Improvements, late of Mr. John Hall, called *Lyon's Creek*, containing 300 Acres, situate on *Patuxent* River in *Calvert* County, for Sterling Money, good Bills of Exchange, or Current Money. The Sale to be on the Premises on Wednesday the 10th Day of August next, by

CHRISTOPHER GRINDAEL.

STOLEN from the Subscriber in *Baltimore* County near *Staples* Falls, on the 23d of June last at Night, a well-gated bright Bay Gelding, with a bald Face, wall-ey'd, hanging Mane, and a Switch Tail, the two hind Feet white, is about fourteen Hands high, and branded with an R in a Circle.

Whoever takes up the said Horse, and brings him to *Nathan Richardson* at the Head of *Bugs* River, or to *Thomas Sprigg* at *Wig* River, or to the Subscriber, shall have *Forty Shillings* Reward.

RICHARD RICHARDSON.

THE Subscriber intending to open a Writing School by the First of August next, in a House almost opposite to *Edward Young's*, Esq; any Gentlemen or others that are inclin'd to have their Children taught either Writing or Arithmetick, may depend on their being carefully attended, and taught after the most regular Manner, by

Their humble Servant,

JAMES BROWN.

JOHN TURNBULL, Saddler,

LATELY removed from *Upper Marlborough* in *Prince George's* County, now lives in the House where *Richard Lewis* lately lived, near the Gate of the City of *Annapolis*, and makes and mends all sorts of Men and Women's Saddles, after the best Fashion, and at the most reasonable Rates.

Those Gentlemen of *Prince George's* County who were pleas'd to employ me, may depend on having their Work done again at *Myers* Court, at which Time I shall attend at *Upper Marlborough*.

JOHN TURNBULL.

Notice is hereby given, That *James Newberry*, Watch-maker, is removed from Mr. *John Ingh's*, Silver-smith, in *Annapolis*, to Mr. *Samuel Swannick's*; where all Gentlemen and others may depend on having their Watches and Clocks repaired in the best and cheapest Manner, and with the utmost Expedition, by

Their humble Servant,

JAMES NEWBERRY.

RAN away from the Subscriber in *Cambridge*, *Dorchester* County, on the 20th of June last, an Irish Servant Man named *Edward Bowring*, a Shoemaker by Trade, has very much of the Brogue, is of middling Stature, and very smooth fac'd. Had on when he went away, an old Beaver Hat, a Country Linen Shirt and Breeches.

Whoever takes on the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, shall have *Five Pound* Reward, paid by

R. B. He is a very great Liar.

ISAAC LEE.

TO BE SOLD, a valuable Parcel of Land containing Four hundred Acres, lying in *Kear* County, near and convenient to *Chesler* Town. Any Person inclining to buy may be fully satisfied hereof by applying to the Subscriber living in *Chesler* Town.

JAMES NICOLL.

THE Ship *Windsor*, lying in *Severn* River, *Thomas Cornish* Commander, carrying eighteen Guns, and forty Men, takes in Tobacco consign'd to Mr. *John Hanbury*, Merchant in *London*, (according to his Promise) at *Ten* Pence Sterling per Ton, being the Freight other Ships go at. The said Master will attend on board the said Ship every Friday, where he shall be glad of the Company of his Friends.

TO be Sold for ready Money and Tobacco, Five hundred Acres of Land, lying in *Prince George's* County, about six Miles above *Rock Creek* Landing. Any Person inclin'd to purchase may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber, living near the said Land.

THOMAS STODDART.

Lately Imported, and to be Sold, next Door to Mr. *William Roberts's* Store in *Annapolis*, by **CONSTANTINE BULL**, the following Goods, viz.

B Road Camblets and Camblettes, superfine double Allspices, flower'd Tobines, flower'd Satins, silk Peplins, Degerreens, Florestones, variegated Tabarets, Irish Linens, Osnaburghs, superfine rible, double and single refin'd Sugars, fine Green and Bohem Tea, several Sets of fine China, and China Bowls, &c.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *St. Mary's* County, near the *Cool Springs*, on the 24th of June last, Two Mulatto Slaves, one named *Clem*, about 25 Years of Age; he is a very white Mulatto, and flutters very much when strictly examin'd: He took with him a good Country Linen Shirt, and an old striped duto; an old Linen Waistcoat, and a pair of old Linen Breeches; and has *black* Hair close cut.

The other a lousy dark Fellow, named *Tom*, about 27 Years of Age; the Fore-Finger of his Left Hand is cut close off; He took with him a check Shirt, three Waistcoats, one a Brick-coloured German Serge, one a blue Druggert with *Mentle* Buttons, and the other an old white one, he has different Sorts of Breeches, and other Cloathing. He is a Cooper, a House-Carpenter, and a very good Sawyer.

Whoever secures the said Servants so as their Masters may have them again, shall have *Forty Shillings* Reward, besides what the Law allows, and reasonable Charges paid, by

WILLIAM JOSEPH,

JOHN MILLS.

WHEREAS *John Carr* has published an Advertisement in the *Maryland Gazette*, and therein has denied me the Subscriber to be his Wife;

This is therefore to give Notice, that his Assertion is false; and altho' I do not think he is worthy the Name of a Husband, yet he is certainly mine; as may be seen by the Registry Book of *St. Anne's* Parish, and can be proved by sundry living Evidences now in *Annapolis*: Therefore those that advise him to deny me, must certainly be bad Advisers, and ought to consider that a Curse is denounced against such as part Man and Wife.

MARY McLAUGHLIN,

as he calls me.

WHEREAS *Mary McLaughlin* who pretends to be the Wife of the Subscriber, may, by such Pretence, and in my Name, contract Debts, or defraud those who may trust her on my Account: This is to give public Notice, that I will not pay any Debts she may contract, she not being my Wife.

JOHN CARE.

LOST, a Bond for Fifty Pounds Current Money, drawn payable to the Subscriber, by *John Dawson* of *Lancaster* County in *Pennsylvania*, bearing Date *January* the 20th 1743. And as the Conditions of the Bond have been complied with by the said *Dawson*, I publish this, that no Use may be made of the Bond to his Prejudice, I having never assign'd or in any Way made over the same to any Person whatever.

EWING McDANFOLD.

LATELY IMPORTED.

And to be Sold by William Roberts, at his Store in Church Street, Annapolis, the following Goods, viz.

B Road axes, topping axes, drawing knives, broad hoes, narrow hoes, carpenters hammers, lathing hammers, gimlets, blights of all sorts, flock locks, pad locks, iron chaffing dishes, ship carpenters axes, augurs, White's best saws, files, rakes, spades, ballast shovels, broad and narrow chisels, reaping hooks, smoothing planes, jack planes, and jointers, 40 d. 30 d. 10 d. 8 d. 6 d. 4 d. 3 d. and 2 d. nails, two foot rules, iron candlesticks, bed cords, drum lines, peach lines, chalk lines, a complete set of horse harness, scythes &c. scyth hoes, frying pans, a set of smiths tools, Pins, needles, knives and forks, pocket knives, pen knives, steel scissars, tailors shears, shoe makers tacks and awl blades, plain Bath-metal buttons, wrought aitto, double gilt and silver'd ditto, Shoe buckles, sleeve-buttons, studs, waistcoat and coat buttons set in silver, ivory combs, buckling combs, sail needles, palms, fishing hooks, compasses, playing cards, cork screws, silk lathes, spurs, snuff boxes, wool cards, tow cards and cotton cards, tea and sugar, several sorts of china, glass decanters, water glasses, drinking glasses and salts, very good choice of mens, womens and boys hats, *Leghorn* hats, mens, womens and childrens hose, silk and cotton caps, mens boots and shoes, womens and childrens shoes, too'd clogs, pewter dishes, plates, chamber-pots, spoons, &c. copper tea kettles, coffee pots, stew pans, sauce pans, candlesticks and snuffers, brass cocks, womens cloaks, mens great coats, mens baver coats, *New Market* coats, with a very great assortment of ready made cloaths for sailors, and likewise for negroes, silk and cotton veltures for mens waistcoats, fustians, dimothies, erminettes, strip'd cottons, cotton and linen checks, very good choice of Irish linnens, garlicks, hollands, table linnens, bed ticks, gun-powder, shot and bar lead, nutmegs, cloves, mace, cinnamon, and pepper, a very good assortment of stationary, hair brooms, scrubbing brushes, &c. ozenabrigs, dowlais, &c. chints, printed calicoes, muslins, cambricks, silk and other handkerchiefs, *Glasgow* snuff, salt petre, tanneries, Rosettaes, Harrets, serpentine, camblets, damasks, *Scratch* plaid, emboss'd serge, cherryderries, stone and sky blue, stone ware of all sorts, mens and womens gloves, hair and lawn sifters, long and short tobacco pipes, blankets and rug, tin ware of several sorts, velvet and common corks, *India* dimothy, and broad lawn, six-quarter muslin, chelloes, cotton romalls, &c. a very great choice of necklaces, ribbands, silk and cotton laces, tapes, bobbins, qualities and none-sopretties, ferretting, gartering, womens new-fashion'd silk hats, masks, nuns and common threads, lace and edging, wire, thirt and waistcoat buttons, sewing silk, womens hoops, and hoopings cruels, and best middone thread, choice of broad cloths, in the pattern of piece, with suitable trimmings, du-roys, mill'd serges, *German* serges, strip'd flannels, half-thicks, green, red, and blue duffles, seamought, bearskin, thunder and lightning, match coating, colour'd and white cottons, iron pots of several sizes, a quantity of leather to be sold reasonably, shoe-thread, and sundry other things not here mentioned.

RAN away from the *Baltimore* Iron-Works, a Servant Man named *William Cann*: He is of a middle size, much pitted with the Small-Pox; had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket, Ozenabrig Shirt, one check Shirt, Leather Breeches, Country made Shoes and Stockings, and an old Castor Hat. Whoever brings the said Servant to the above mentioned Works, or to *Rinaldo Mont's* nigh Mr. *Snowden's* Iron-Works, *Patuxent*, shall receive Five Pounds Currency Reward, from

RENALDO MONT.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Ship *Ruby*, Capt. Bailey, and to be Sold by the Subscriber at his Store at Nottingham on *Patuxent* River,

ALE Sorts of *East India*, and *European* Goods, at reasonable Rates, for Bills of Exchange, Current Money, or heavy Tobacco.

Also Imported in the Schooner *Polly*, Capt. *Bushell*, from *Barbados*, a Parcel of Rum and Sugar.

JAMES RUSSELL.

RAN away the 20th of June from the Subscriber's Plantation, Back of *Ed. King*, near the *Carroll's* Mill, a Convict Irish Servant Man, named *Patrick*, a Fellow, about Twenty one Years of Age, last Committed with the Small-Pox: Had on when he went away, an old Felt Hat, a black Wig, or worsted Cap, an old white Cotton Jacket, and one Country Cloth Jacket, white and black, but as it was filled at the fulling Mill, it is of a dark brown, two Ozenabrig Shirts, a Pair of short Country Trowsers, and a pair of old Country Shoes.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him to the Master, shall have *Three Pounds* Current Money, if taken in *Pennsylvania*, or *Virginia*, *Five Pounds* like Money, paid by the Law, if taken elsewhere.

JOHN KIDDER.

TO Be Sold by the Subscriber, Good *Bastard* Rum at 7/ by the Gallon, clean *Muscovado* Sugar at 1/ Pound, Molasses at 5/ per Gallon, boiled Hides at 1/ Hundred, Pipes, Chocolate, and sundry other Goods, by

GAMALIEL BOTHA.

Just imported from London, in the Ship *William*,

AN Assortment of *European* Goods, to be sold by the Subscriber in *Baltimore* Town, at very reasonable Rates, for Cash or Bills of Exchange, he intending to leave the Province at the Sailing of the Fleet.

JOHN CANNAN, junr.

N. B. Any Person inclinable to purchase Half, or the Whole, may have them at 30 per Cent. Bills of Exchange.

Charles Cannan, June 6. 1748.

THE Subscriber intends to break up Ordinary Keeping immediately, any Person inclinable to Rent the Houses and Lotts he now possesses in *Fort Tobacco*, being the most convenient of any in Town for that Business, may apply to him, and if they agree may have Possession immediately. Also will be exposed to sale all his Household Goods, fitting for the Purpose.

As he intends to leave this Province soon, all Persons indebted to him are desired to come and settle their Accounts and pay off their respective Balances, which will prevent Troubles to them.

And those that have any Claim against him, are desired to bring in their Accounts that they may be adjusted, by

COLLIN MITCHELL.

Just imported from London, in the Ship *Ruby*, Capt. Thomas Bailey,

GREAT Variety of *European* and *East India* Goods, to be sold cheap, by Wholesale or Retail, for ready Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, and current Money, or very short Credit, the Subscriber intending to depart the Province.

All Persons indebted to him are desired to pay off their Balances, or to settle and give Notes for the same.

JAMES DICK.

JUST imported in the Ship *Nelly*, Capt. *Stacres* from *London*, and *Caniff*, Capt. *Johnson* from *Barbados*, and to be sold by the Subscriber at *Oxford*, in *Talbot* County, by Wholesale or Retail, *European* and *East India* Goods, Rum, Sugar, Molasses, coarse and fine Salt.

ROBERT MORRIS.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at *Ed. King*, in *Anne Arundel* County, a Convict Servant Man, named *Samuel Jones*: he is a little thin Fellow, with a great Chew of Tobacco in his Mouth. Had on when he went away, a white Flannel Jacket, an old pair of Leather Breeches, and a pair of light grey Kersey Breeches, an old pair of black Stockings, a pair of English Shoes with a Patch on one of them, and a Felt Hat, he is about 35 Years of Age, and his Knees knock together as he walks.

It is supposed he will change his Name, and forge a Name. Whoever secures the said Run-away, so that his Master may have him again, shall have Tenney Shillings, before what the Law allows, paid by

JOHN KIDDER.